
moco-wrapper Documentation

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Getting Started

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This documentation is split into the following parts:

- *Getting Started*
- *Code Overview*

CHAPTER 1

Quick Start

First step is installing the package.

```
$ pip install moco-wrapper
```

After that we need two things. The moco domain and the user api key.

Getting your moco domain is the easy part. From your full url just take your company specific part. For example if your moco application is found under <https://testabcd.mocoapp.com> we just use **testabcd** for creating our object.

Next we need an api key. You can find this key when logging into your user account, going to your user profile and copying the value under *your personal api key* from the tab integrations. (See <https://github.com/hundertzehn/mocoapp-api-docs#authentication> for more information)

Then we all the information we need to create the moco instance:

```
>> from moco_wrapper import Moco  
>> wrapper = Moco(auth={"domain": "testabcd", "api_key": "your api key"})
```

After that we make a test call to the api.

```
>> projects = wrapper.Project.getlist()  
>> print(projects)  
<ListingResponse, Status Code: 200, Data: [<moco_wrapper.models.objector_models.  
->project.Project at ..]>
```


CHAPTER 2

Installation

The moco-wrapper package is hosted on pypi and can be installed via pip.

```
$ pip install moco-wrapper
```

Note: Depending on your system, you may need to use pip3 to install packages for Python 3.

Note: This package was only developed for Python 3. Using it with Python 2 will result in errors.

2.1 Installation in a virtual environment

```
$ apt-get install python3-venv
$ python3 -m venv venv
$ source venv/bin/activate
$ (venv) pip install moco-wrapper
```

2.2 Upgrading moco-wrapper

The moco-wrapper can be updated by using pip

```
$ pip install --upgrade moco-wrapper
```

2.3 Install from source

Warning: For installation from source we recommend you install it into a virtual environment.

```
$ sudo apt-get install python3 python3-venv git make
$ python3 -m venv venv
$ source venv/bin/activate
$ (venv) git clone https://github.com/sommalia/moco-wrapper moco_wrapper
$ (venv) cd moco_wrapper
$ (venv) make install
```

CHAPTER 3

Authentication

There are two ways of authenticating yourself with the moco api. Via api key and via your own user email and password.

3.1 Via api key

You can find your own api key under your user profile when you log into your account.

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

wrapper = Moco(
    auth={
        "api_key": "[YOUR API KEY]"
        "domain": "testabcd" #your full domain would be testabcd.mocoapp.com
    }
)
```

Note: The api key is always associated with the user it belongs to. Things like activities and presences always work in context of the current user. If you want to be someone else see [Impersonation](#).

Note: This method is faster than authenticating via username and password because it skips the authentication requests (with an api key, you already are authenticated).

3.2 Via username and password

The second way you can authenticate is via your own user information (username and password).

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

wrapper = Moco(
    auth={
        "email": "my-account-email@mycompany.com",
        "password": "my account password",
        "domain": "testabcd" #full domain is testabcd.mocoapp.com
    }
)
```

Note: If you authenticate in this way an extra request will be sent, before you try to request any actual resources of the api, for obtaining valid authentication.

CHAPTER 4

Impersonation

Things like `moco_wrapper.models.Activity` and `moco_wrapper.models.UserPresence` are always mapped to the user of the api key that was used.

If you want to change that (for example when logging activities on behalf of someone else), you can impersonate them.

Note: For impersonating other users your own user account must have the Staff permission. See <https://github.com/hundertzehn/mocoapp-api-docs#impersonation>.

You can start off the moco instance already impersonating a user:

```
from moco_wrapper import moco

impersonate_as = 43
m = Moco(
    '',
    impersonate_user_id = impersonate_as
)

## do something as someone else
##
##

## reset impersonation
m.clear_im impersonation()
```

Note: If you are authenticating yourself with email and password, that the first request (for authenticating you) will still take place as yourself, impersonation will only occur after you are already authenticated.

Or you can use the `impersonate` method by itself.

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()

## do something as you
##
##

impersonate_as = 43
m.impersonate(impersonate_as)

## do something as someone else
##
##

## reset impersonation
m.clear_impersonation()
```

See also:

`moco_wrapper.Moco.impersonate()`, `moco_wrapper.Moco.clear_impersonation()`.

CHAPTER 5

The Moco Instance

```
class moco_wrapper.Moco(auth={}, objector=<moco_wrapper.util.objector.default.DefaultObjector
object>, requestor=<moco_wrapper.util.requestor.default.DefaultRequestor
object>, impersonate_user_id: int = None, **kwargs)
```

Main Moco class for handling authentication, object conversion, requesting ressources with the moco api

Parameters

- **auth** (*dict*) – Dictionary containing authentication information, see [Authentication](#)
- **objector** – objector object (see [Objector](#), default: `moco_wrapper.util.objector.DefaultObjector`)
- **requestor** – requestor object (see [Requestor](#), default: `moco_wrapper.util.requestor.DefaultRequestor`)
- **impersonate_user_id** (*int*) – user id the client should impersonate (default: None, see <https://github.com/hundertzehn/mocoapp-api-docs#impersonation>)

```
import moco_wrapper
moco = moco_wrapper.Moco(
    auth = {
        "api_key": "<TOKEN>",
        "domain": "<DOMAIN>"
    }
)
```

auth = None

Authentication information

It either contains an api key and and domain

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco
m = Moco(
    auth={"api_key": "here is my key", "domain": "testdomain"}
)
```

Or it contains domain, email and password

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco(
    auth={"domain": "testdomain", "email": "testemail@mycompany.com",
    ↪"password": "test"}
)
```

authenticate()

Performs any action neccessary to be authenticated against the moco api.

This method gets invoked automaticly, on the very first request you send against the api.

clear_imersonation()

Ends impersonation

See also:

[impersonate\(\)](#)

full_domain

Returns the full url of the moco api

```
>> m = Moco(auth={"domain": "testabcd", ...})
>> print(m.full_domain)
https://testabcd.mocoapp.com/api/v1
```

headers

Returns all http headers to be used by the assigned requestor

impersonate(user_id: int)

Impersonates the user with the supplied user id

Parameters `user_id` – user id to impersonate

See also:

[clear_imersonation\(\)](#) to end impersonation of `user_id`

objector

Get the currently assigned objector object

See also:

Objector

request(method, path, params=None, data=None, bypass_auth=False)

request the given ressource with the assigned requestor

Parameters

- `method` – HTTP Method (eg. POST, GET, PUT, DELETE)
- `path` – path of the ressource (e.g. /projects)
- `params` – url parameters (e.g. page=1, query parameters)
- `data` – dictionary with data (http body)
- `bypass_auth` – If authentication checks should be skipped (default False)

The request will be given to the currently assinged requestor (see [Requestor](#)). The response will then be given to the currently assinged objector (see [Objector](#))

The *possibly* modified response will then be returned

requestor

Get the currently assigned requestor object

See also:

Requestor

session

Get the http.session object of the current requestor (None if the requestor does not have a session)

5.1 Activity

class moco_wrapper.models.**Activity**(moco)

Class for handling activities.

Activities are always created for a project task. The order of things is *Project>Task>Activity*. An activity always belongs to a task and that task always belongs to a project.

Example Usage:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
project_id = 2
task_id = 3

#log time
created_activity = m.Activity.create(
    datetime.date(2020, 1, 1),
    project_id,
    task_id,
    0.25
    description="did things"
)
```

create(activity_date: *datetime.date*, project_id: *int*, task_id: *int*, hours: *float*, description: *str* = *None*, billable: *bool* = *None*, tag: *str* = *None*, remote_service: *str* = *None*, remote_id: *int* = *None*, remote_url: *str* = *None*)
Create an activity.

Parameters

- **activity_date** (*datetime.date*, *str*) – date of the activity
- **project_id** (*int*) – id of the project this activity belongs to
- **task_id** (*int*) – id of the task this activity belongs to (see project tasks)
- **hours** (*float*) – hours to log to the activity (passing a 0 will start a timer if the date is today)
- **description** (*str*) – activity description text
- **billable** (*bool*) – true/false (if this activity is billable) (select none if billing is dependent on project configuration)
- **tag** (*str*) – a tag string
- **remote_service** (*ActivityRemoteService*, *str*) – if this task was created by a remote service, its name will be here.

- **remote_id** (*str*) – id of the activity in the remote_service
- **remote_url** (*str*) – address of the remote service

Returns the created activity

delete (*activity_id: int*)

Delete an activity.

Parameters **activity_id** (*int*) – Id of the activity to delete

Returns empty response on success

disregard (*reason, activity_ids, company_id, project_id=None*)

Disregard activities.

Parameters

- **reason** (*str*) – Reason text for disregarding these activities
- **activity_ids** (*list*) – List of activity ids to disregard
- **company_id** (*int*) – Company id these activities belong to
- **project_id** (*int*) – Project id these activities belong to

Returns List with the activity ids that were disregarded

get (*activity_id: int*)

Get a single activity.

Parameters **activity_id** (*int*) – Id of the activity:

Returns The activity object

getlist (*from_date: datetime.date, to_date: datetime.date, user_id: int = None, project_id: int = None, task_id: int = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Get a list of activity objects.

Parameters

- **from_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Start date
- **to_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – End date
- **user_id** (*int*) – User id of the creator
- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the activity belongs to
- **task_id** (*int*) – Id of the task the activity belongs to
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of activities

start_timer (*activity_id: int*)

Start a timer on the specified activity.

The timer can only be started for activities on the current day.

Parameters **activity_id** (*int*) – id of the activity

Returns the activity the timer was started for

stop_timer (*activity_id: int*)

Stop a timer on the specified activity.

Parameters `activity_id(int)` – Id of the activity

Returns the activity the timer was stopped for

update (`activity_id: int, activity_date: datetime.date = None, project_id: int = None, task_id: int = None, hours: float = None, description: str = None, billable: bool = None, tag: str = None, remote_service: str = None, remote_id: int = None, remote_url: str = None`)
Create an activity.

Parameters

- `activity_id(int)` – id of the activity
- `activity_date(datetime.date, str)` – date of the activity
- `project_id(int)` – id of the project this activity belongs to
- `task_id(int)` – id of the task this activity belongs to (see project tasks)
- `hours(float)` – hours to log to the activity (passing a 0 will start a timer if the date is today)
- `description(str)` – activity description text
- `billable(bool)` – true/false (if this activity is billable) (select none if billing is dependent on project configuration)
- `tag(str)` – a tag string
- `remote_service(ActivityRemoteService, str)` – if this task was created by a remote service, its name will be here
- `remote_id(str)` – id of the activity in the remote_service
- `remote_url(str)` – address of the remote service

Returns the updated activity

class `moco_wrapper.models.activity.ActivityRemoteService`

Enumeration for allowed values used that can be supplied for the `remote_service` argument in `Activity.create()` and `Activity.update()`

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco
from moco_wrapper.models.activity import ActivityRemoteService

m = Moco()
activity_create = m.Activity.create(
    ...
    remote_service = ActivityRemoteService.TRELLO
)
```

```
ASANA = 'asana'
BASECAMP = 'basecamp'
BASECAMP2 = 'basecamp2'
BASECAMP3 = 'basecamp3'
GITHUB = 'github'
JIRA = 'jira'
MITE = 'mite'
TOGLL = 'togggl'
```

```
TRELLO = 'trello'  
WUNDERLIST = 'wunderlist'  
YOUTRACK = 'youtrack'
```

5.2 Comment

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Comment(moco)  
    Class for handling comments.
```

Comments can be created for a multitude of objects. So when creating comments one must specify which type of object they mean (see [CommentTargetType](#))

Example Usage:

```
m = Moco()  
project_id = 22  
comment_create = m.Comment.create(  
    project_id, #id of the thing we comment  
    "PROJECT", #object type  
    "example comment text"  
)
```

create (*commentable_id: int, commentable_type: moco_wrapper.models.comment.CommentTargetType, text: str*)
Create a single comment.

Parameters

- **commentable_id** (*int*) – Id of the object to create the comment of (i.e the project id of the project we want to comment on)
- **commentable_type** ([CommentTargetType](#), *str*) – Type of object to create the comment for.
- **text** (*str*) – Comment text

Returns The created comment

create_bulk (*commentable_ids: list, commentable_type: moco_wrapper.models.comment.CommentTargetType, text: str*)
Create a comment for multiple target objects.

Parameters

- **commentable_ids** (*list*) – ids of the objects we want to comment under ie. [123, 124, 125]
- **commentable_type** ([CommentTargetType](#), *str*) – type of object to create the comment for. For allowed values see [CommentTargetType](#).
- **text** (*str*) – comment text

Returns List of created comments.

delete (*comment_id: int*)
Delete a comment.

Parameters **comment_id** (*int*) – Id of the comment to delete

Returns Empty response on success

get (*comment_id*: int)

Retrieve a single comment.

Parameters **comment_id** (int) – Id of the comment

Returns Single comment

getlist (*commentable_type*: moco_wrapper.models.comment.CommentTargetType = None, *commentable_id*: int = None, *user_id*: int = None, *manual*: bool = None, *sort_by*: str = None, *sort_order*: str = 'asc', *page*: int = 1)

Retrieve a list of comments.

Parameters

- **commentable_type** (CommentTargetType, str) – Type of object the comment(s) belong to
- **commentable_id** (int) – Id of the object the comment belongs to
- **user_id** (int) – User id of the creator
- **manual** (bool) – If the comment was user-created or generated
- **sort_by** (str) – Field to sort the results by
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc
- **page** (int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns list of comments

update (*comment_id*: int, *text*: str)

Update a comment.

Parameters

- **comment_id** (int) – The id of the comment to update
- **text** (str) – Comment text

Returns The created comment

class moco_wrapper.models.comment.CommentTargetType

Enumeration for allowed values used that can be supplied for the *commentable_type* argument in *Comment.create()*, *Comment.create_bulk()* and *Comment.getlist()*

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco
from moco_wrapper.models.comment import CommentTargetType

m = Moco()
comment_create = m.Comment.create(
    ...
    commentable_type = CommentTargetType.DEAL
)
```

CONTACT = 'Contact'

CUSTOMER = 'Customer'

DEAL = 'Deal'

INVOICE = 'Invoice'

OFFER = 'Offer'

OFFERCONFIRMATION = 'OfferConfirmation'

```
PROJECT = 'Project'  
USER = 'User'
```

5.3 Company

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Company(moco)
```

Class for handling companies.

Companies come in three different flavours (see [CompanyType](#)), customers are companies you do stuff for and send invoices to. suppliers are companies that supply stuff to you as a customer. Finally organizations are companies that do not fit the laben customer or supplier. For the most part you will interact with companies of type customer.

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco  
  
m = Moco()  
new_customer = m.Company.create(  
    "my new customer",  
    "customer"  
)
```

create (name: str, company_type: moco_wrapper.models.company.CompanyType, website: str = None, fax: str = None, phone: str = None, email: str = None, address: str = None, info: str = None, custom_properties: dict = None, labels: list = None, user_id: int = None, currency: str = None, identifier: str = None, billing_tax: float = None, default_invoice_due_days: int = None, country_code: str = None, vat_identifier: str = None, iban: str = None, debit_number: int = None, credit_number: int = None, footer: str = None)
Create a company.

Parameters

- **name** (str) – Name of the company
- **company_type** ([CompanyType](#), str) – Either customer, supplier or organization
- **website** (str) – Url of the companies website
- **fax** (str) – Fax number of the company
- **phone** (str) – Phone number of the company
- **email** (str) – Email address of the company
- **address** (str) – Company address
- **info** (str) – Additional information about the company
- **custom_properties** (dict) – Custom properties dictionary
- **labels** (list) – Array of labels
- **user_id** (int) – User Id of the responsible person
- **currency** (str) – Currency the company uses (only customer)
- **identifier** (str) – Identifier of the company (only mandatory when not automatically assigned)
- **billing_tax** (float) – Billing tax value (from 0 to 100)

- **default_invoice_due_days** (*int*) – Payment target days for the company when creating invoices (only customer)
- **country_code** (*str*) – ISO Alpha-2 Country Code like “DE” / “CH” / “AT” in upper case - default is account country
- **vat_identifier** (*str*) – Vat identifier for eu companies
- **iban** (*str*) – Iban number (only supplier)
- **debit_number** (*int*) – Debit number (if bookkeeping is enabled) (only customer) (default None)
- **credit_number** (*int*) – Credit number (if bookkeeping is enabled) (only supplier) (default None)
- **footer** (*str*) – Some html (appears at the end of invoices)

Returns The created company

Note: When supplying a vat_identifier, make sure it is valid

get (*company_id: int*)

Get a single company.

Parameters **company_id** (*int*) – Id of the company

Returns Single company object

getlist (*company_type: moco_wrapper.models.company.CompanyType = None, tags: list = None,*

identifier: str = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1)

Get a list of company objects.

Parameters

- **company_type** (*CompanyType*, *str*) – Type of company to filter for
- **tags** (*list*) – List of tags
- **identifier** (*str*) – Company identifier
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc
- **page** (*int*) – page number (default 1)

Returns list of companies

update (*company_id: int, company_type: moco_wrapper.models.company.CompanyType = None,*

name: str = None, website: str = None, fax: str = None, phone: str = None, email: str =

None, address: str = None, info: str = None, custom_properties: dict = None, labels: list =

None, user_id: int = None, currency: str = None, identifier: str = None, billing_tax: float =

None, default_invoice_due_days: int = None, country_code: str = None, vat_identifier: str =

None, iban: str = None, debit_number: int = None, credit_number: int = None, footer: str =

None)

Update a company.

Parameters

- **company_id** (*int*) – Id of the company
- **company_type** (*CompanyType*, *str*) – Type of the company to modify
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the company

- **website** (*str*) – Url of the companies website
- **fax** (*str*) – Fax number of the company
- **phone** (*str*) – Phone number of the company
- **email** (*str*) – Email address of the company
- **address** (*str*) – Company address
- **info** (*str*) – Additional information about the company
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Custom properties dictionary
- **labels** (*list*) – Array of labels
- **user_id** (*int*) – Id of the responsible person
- **currency** (*str*) – Currency the company uses (only customer)
- **identifier** (*str*) – Identifier of the company (only mandatory when not automatically assigned) (only customer) (default None)
- **billing_tax** (*float*) – Billing tax value (only customer) (default None)
- **default_invoice_due_days** (*int*) – payment target days for the company when creating invoices (only customer) (default None)
- **country_code** (*str*) – ISO Alpha-2 Country Code like “DE” / “CH” / “AT” in upper case - default is account country
- **vat_identifier** (*str*) – vat identifier for eu companies
- **iban** (*str*) – iban number (only supplier)
- **debit_number** (*int*) – Debit number (if bookkeeping is enabled) (only customer) (default None)
- **credit_number** (*int*) – Credit number (if bookkeeping is enabled) (only supplier) (default None)

Returns The updated company

class moco_wrapper.models.company.**CompanyType**

Enumeration of the type of companies that exist. Can be used to supply the `company_type` argument of `Company.create()`, `Company.update()` and `Company.getlist()`

Example Usage:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco
from moco_wrapper.models.company import CompanyType

m = Moco()
new_supplier = m.Company.create(
    ...
    company_type = CompanyType.ORGANIZATION
)
```

```
CUSTOMER = 'customer'
ORGANIZATION = 'organization'
SUPPLIER = 'supplier'
```

5.4 Contact

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Contact(moco)
    Class for handling contacts.

    create(firstname: str, lastname: str, gender: moco_wrapper.models.contact.ContactGender, com-
        pany_id: int = None, title: str = None, job_position: str = None, mobile_phone: str = None,
        work_fax: str = None, work_phone: str = None, work_email: str = None, work_address: str =
        None, home_address: str = None, home_email: str = None, birthday: datetime.date = None,
        info: str = None, tags: list = None)
    Creates a contact.
```

Parameters

- **firstname** (str) – The first name of the contact
- **lastname** (str) – The last name of the contact
- **gender** (*ContactGender*, str) – Gender of the contact
- **company_id** (int) – Id of the company the contact belongs to
- **title** (str) – Job title the contact has
- **job_position** (str) – Name of the job position this contact has
- **mobile_phone** (str) – Mobile phone number the contact has
- **work_fax** (str) – Work fax number
- **work_phone** (str) – Work phone number
- **work_email** (str) – Work email address
- **work_address** (str) – Physical work address
- **home_address** (str) – Physical home address
- **home_email** (str) – Home email address
- **birthday** (*datetime.date*, str) – Birthday date
- **info** (str) – More information about the contact
- **tags** (list) – Array of additional tags

Returns The created contact object

```
get(contact_id: int)
    Retrieve a single contact object
```

Parameters **contact_id** (int) – Id of the contact

Returns The contact object

```
getlist(tags: list = None, term: str = None, phone: str = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str
        = 'asc', page: int = 1)
    Retrieve a list of contact objects
```

Parameters

- **tags** (list) – Array of tags
- **term** (str) – Full text search (fields that are searched are name, firstname, work_email and company)
- **phone** (str) – Reverse lookup for work_phone or mobile_phone

- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to the results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of contact objects

update (*contact_id: int, firstname: str = None, lastname: str = None, gender: moco_wrapper.models.contact.ContactGender = None, company_id: int = None, title: str = None, job_position: str = None, mobile_phone: str = None, work_fax: str = None, work_phone: str = None, work_email: str = None, work_address: str = None, home_address: str = None, home_email: str = None, birthday: datetime.date = None, info: str = None, tags: list = None*)
Updates a contact.

Parameters

- **contact_id** (*int*) – Id of the contact
- **firstname** (*str*) – The first name of the contact
- **lastname** (*str*) – The last name of the contact
- **gender** (*ContactGender, str*) – Gender of the contact. For allowed values see *ContactGender*.
- **company_id** (*int*) – Id of the company the contact belongs to
- **title** (*str*) – Job title the contact has
- **job_position** (*str*) – name of the job position this contact has
- **mobile_phone** (*str*) – Mobile phone number the contact has
- **work_fax** (*str*) – Work fax number
- **work_phone** (*str*) – Work phone number
- **work_email** (*str*) – Work email address
- **work_address** (*str*) – Physical work address
- **home_address** (*str*) – Physical home address
- **home_email** (*str*) – Home email address
- **birthday** (*datetime.date, str*) – Birthday date
- **info** (*str*) – More information about the contact
- **tags** (*list*) – Array of additional tags

Returns The updated contact object

class moco_wrapper.models.contact.**ContactGender**

Enumeration for allowed values that can be supplied for the gender argument in `Contact.create` and `Contact.update`.

Example Usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.models.contact import ContactGender
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
new_contact = m.Contact.create(
    ..
```

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```

    gender = ContactGender.MALE
)

```

```

FEMALE = 'F'
MALE = 'M'
UNDEFINED = 'U'

```

5.5 Deal

class moco_wrapper.models.Deal(*moco*)

Class for handling deals/leads.

create(*name*: str, *currency*: str, *money*: float, *reminder_date*: datetime.date, *user_id*: int, *deal_category_id*: int, *company_id*: int = None, *info*: str = None, *status*: str = 'pending')

Create a new deal.

Parameters

- **name** (str) – Name of the deal
- **currency** (str) – Currency used (e.g. EUR, CHF)
- **money** (float) – How much money can be generated from this deal (e.g. 205.0)
- **reminder_date** (datetime.date, str) – Reminder date
- **user_id** (int) – Id of the user the is responsible for this lead
- **deal_category_id** (int) – Deal category id
- **company_id** (int) – Company id
- **info** (str) – Additional information
- **status** (*DealStatus*, str) – Current state of the deal

Returns The created deal object

get(*deal_id*: int)

Retrieve a single deal.

Parameters **deal_id** (int) – Id of the deal

Returns Single deal object

getlist(*status*: str = None, *tags*: list = None, *sort_by*: str = None, *sort_order*: str = 'asc', *page*: int = 1)

Retrieve a list of deal objects.

Parameters

- **status** (*DealStatus*, str) – State of deal
- **tags** (list) – Array of tags
- **sort_by** (str) – Field to order results by
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of deal objects

```
update(deal_id: int, name: str = None, currency: str = None, money: float = None, reminder_date: datetime.date = None, user_id: int = None, deal_category_id: int = None, company_id: int = None, info: str = None, status: moco_wrapper.models.deal.DealStatus = None)
```

Update an existing deal.

Parameters

- **deal_id** (*int*) – Id of the deal
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the deal
- **currency** (*str*) – Currency used (e.g. EUR, CHF)
- **money** (*float*) – How much money can be generated from this deal (e.g. 205.0)
- **reminder_date** (*datetime.date*, *str*) – Reminder date
- **user_id** (*int*) – Id of the user that is responsible for this deal
- **deal_category_id** (*int*) – Deal category id
- **company_id** (*int*) – Company id
- **info** (*str*) – Additional information
- **status** (*DealStatus*, *str*) – Current state of the deal

Returns The updated deal object

```
class moco_wrapper.models.deal.DealStatus
```

Enumeration for the allowed values that can be supplied for the `status` argument of `Deal.create()`, `Deal.update()` and `Deal.getlist()`.

```
from moco_wrapper.models.deal import DealStatus
from moco_wrapper import Moco
```

```
m = Moco()

deal_create = m.Deal.create(
    ..
    status = DealStatus.WON
)
```

```
DROPPED = 'dropped'
LOST = 'lost'
PENDING = 'pending'
POTENTIAL = 'potential'
WON = 'won'
```

5.6 Deal Category

```
class moco_wrapper.models.DealCategory(moco)
```

Model for handling the different deal_categories used by a pending deal.

A deal (see `moco_wrapper.models.Deal`) that is in the state PENDING (see `moco_wrapper.models.deal.DealStatus`) must be assigned to deal category. A category has a name and a probability of success (in percent).

Typically a deal that is in PENDING starts at 1% and moves into the state WON if the probability reaches 100%.

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()

#create a category with 75% success probability
new_category = m.DealCategory.create(
    "Second round of negotiation",
    75
)
```

create(name: str, probability: int)

Create a new deal category.

Parameters

- **name** (str) – Name of the deal category (must be unique)
- **probability** (int) – Deal category success probability (between 1 and 100)

Returns The created deal category**delete**(category_id: int)

Delete a deal category.

Parameters **category_id**(int) – Id of the deal category to delete**Returns** Empty response on success**get**(category_id: int)

Retrieves a single deal category.

Parameters **category_id**(int) – Id of the deal category to retrieve**Returns** Single deal category**getlist**(sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1)

Retrieves a list of a deal categories.

Parameters

- **sort_by** (str) – Field to sort by
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of deal categories**update**(category_id: int, name: str = None, probability: int = None)

Updates an existing deal category.

Parameters

- **category_id**(int) – Id of the deal category to update
- **name** (str) – Name of the deal category (must be unique)
- **probability** (int) – Deal category success probability (between 1 and 100)

Returns The updated deal category

5.7 Invoice

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Invoice(moco)
    Models for handling invoices.

    create(customer_id: int, recipient_address: str, created_date: datetime.date,
            due_date: datetime.date, service_period_from: datetime.date, service_period_to:
            datetime.date, title: str, tax: float, currency: str, items: list, status:
            moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceStatus = <InvoiceStatus.CREATED: 'created'>,
            change_address: moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceChangeAddress = <InvoiceChangeAddress.INVOICE: 'invoice'>, salutation: str = None, footer: str = None, discount: float = None,
            cash_discount: float = None, cash_discount_days: int = None, project_id: int = None, tags:
            list = [])
Creates a new invoice.
```

Parameters

- **customer_id** (int) – Id of the customer/company
- **recipient_address** (str) – Entry text for the customer (e.g. “My Customer\nMainStreet 5\nExample Town”)
- **created_date** (datetime.date, str) – Creation date of the invoice
- **due_date** (datetime.date, str) – Date the invoice is due
- **service_period_from** (datetime.date, str) – Service period start date
- **service_period_to** (datetime.date, str) – Service period end date
- **title** (str) – Title of the invoice
- **tax** (float) – Tax percent (between 0.0 and 100.0)
- **currency** (str) – Currency code (e.g. EUR)
- **items** (list) – Invoice items
- **status** (*InvoiceStatus*, str) – State of the invoice (default: “created”)
- **change_address** (*InvoiceChangeAddress*, str) – Address propagation (default: “invoice”)
- **salutation** (str) – Salutation text
- **footer** (str) – Footer text
- **discount** (float) – Discount in percent (between 0.0 and 100.0)
- **cash_discount** (float) – Cash discount in percent (between 0.0 and 100.0)
- **cash_discount_days** (float) – How many days is the cash discount valid (ex. 4)
- **project_id** (int) – Id of the project the invoice belongs to
- **tags** (list) – List of tags

Returns The created invoice

Note: Note that if you create an invoice with a project, that project must also belong to the customer the invoice was created for.

See also:

moco_wrapper.util.generator.InvoiceItemGenerator

get (*invoice_id*: int)

Retrieve a single invoice.

Parameters **invoice_id**(int) – Invoice id

Returns Single invoice object

getlist (*status*: *moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceStatus* = None, *date_from*: *datetime.date* = None, *date_to*: *datetime.date* = None, *tags*: list = None, *identifier*: str = None, *term*: str = None, *sort_by*: str = None, *sort_order*: str = 'asc', *page*: int = 1)

Retrieve a list of invoices.

Parameters

- **status** (*InvoiceStatus*, str) – State of the invoice
- **date_from** (*datetime.date*, str) – Starting date
- **date_to** (*datetime.date*, str) – End date
- **tags** (list) – List of tags
- **identifier** (str) – Identifier string (e.g. R1903-003)
- **term** (str) – Wildcard search term
- **sort_by** (str) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of invoice objects

locked (*status*: *moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceStatus* = None, *date_from*: *datetime.date* = None, *date_to*: *datetime.date* = None, *identifier*: str = None, *sort_by*: str = None, *sort_order*: str = 'asc', *page*: int = 1)

Retrieve a list of locked invoices.

Parameters

- **status** (*InvoiceStatus*, str) – State of the invoice
- **date_from** (*datetime.date*, str) – Start date
- **date_to** (*datetime.date*, str) – End date
- **identifier** (str) – Identifier string (ex. R1903-003)
- **sort_by** (str) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of invoice objects

pdf (*invoice_id*: int)

Retrieve the invoice document as pdf.

Parameters **invoice_id**(int) – Invoice id

Returns Invoice pdf

timesheet (*invoice_id: int*)

Retrieve the invoice timesheet document as pdf.

Invoices that have timesheets cannot be created with the api and must be created manually by billing unbilled tasks.

Parameters `invoice_id(int)` – Invoice id

Returns Invoice timesheet as pdf

update_status (*invoice_id: int, status: moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceStatus*)

Updates the state of an invoices.

Parameters

- `invoice_id(int)` – Invoice id
- `status (InvoiceStatus, str)` – New state of the invoice

Returns Empty response on success

class `moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceStatus`

Enumeration for allowed values that can be supplied for the status argument of `Invoice.getlist()`, `Invoice.update_status()` and `Invoice.create()`.

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.models.invoice import InvoiceStatus
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
new_invoice = m.Invoice.create(
    ...
    status = InvoiceStatus.DRAFT
)
```

`CREATED = 'created'`

`DRAFT = 'draft'`

`IGNORED = 'ignored'`

Warning: Do not use this status for creating invoices, only updating and filtering

`OVERDUE = 'overdue'`

`PAID = 'paid'`

`PARTIALLY_PAID = 'partially_paid'`

`SENT = 'sent'`

class `moco_wrapper.models.invoice.InvoiceChangeAddress`

Enumeration for allowed values that can be supplied for `change_address` argument of `Invoice.create()`.

```
from moco_wrapper.models.invoice import InvoiceChangeAddress
from moco_wrapper import Moco
```

`m = Moco()`

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```

new_invoice = m.Invoice.create(
    ...
    change_address = InvoiceChangeAddress.PROJECT
)

```

```

CUSTOMER = 'customer'
INVOICE = 'invoice'
PROJECT = 'project'

```

5.8 Invoice Payment

class moco_wrapper.models.InvoicePayment(moco)

Class for handling invoice payments.

create(payment_date: datetime.date, invoice_id: int, paid_total: float, currency: str)

Create a new invoice payment.

Parameters

- **payment_date** (datetime.date, str) – Date of the payment
- **invoice_id** (int) – Id of the invoice this payment belongs to
- **paid_total** (float) – Amount that was paid (ex. 193.50)
- **currency** (str) – Currency used (e.g. EUR)

Returns The created invoice payment object

create_bulk(items: list = [])

Create multiple new invoice payments.

Parameters **items** (list) – Payment items

Returns List of created invoice payments

Bulk creation if invoice payments items with generator:

```

from moco_wrapper.util.generator import InvoicePaymentGenerator()
from moco_wrapper import Moco

items = [
    gen.generate(...),
    gen.generate(...)
]

m = Moco()

created_payments = m.InvoicePayment.create_bulk(items)

```

See also:

[moco_wrapper.util.generator.InvoicePaymentGenerator](#)

delete(payment_id: int)

Deletes an invoice payment.

Parameters **payment_id** (int) – Id of the payment to delete

Returns Empty response on success

get (*payment_id*: int)

Retrieve a single invoice payment.

Parameters **payment_id** (int) – Invoice payment id

Returns Single invoice payment object

getlist (*invoice_id*: int = None, *date_from*: datetime.date = None, *date_to*: datetime.date = None, *sort_by*: str = None, *sort_order*=’asc’, *page*=1)

Retrieve a list of invoice payments.

Parameters

- **invoice_id** (int) – Id of a corresponding invoice
- **date_from** (datetime.date, str) – Start date
- **date_to** (datetime.date, str) – End date
- **sort_by** (str) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of invoice payments

update (*payment_id*: int, *payment_date*: datetime.date = None, *paid_total*: float = None, *currency*: str = None)

Updates an existing invoice payment.

Parameters

- **payment_id** (int) – Id of the payment to update
- **payment_date** (datetime.date, str) – Date of the payment
- **paid_total** (float) – Amount that was paid
- **currency** (str) – Currency (e.g. EUR)

Returns The updated invoice payment object

5.9 Offer

class moco_wrapper.models.Offer(*moco*)

Class for handling offers.

create (*deal_id*: int, *project_id*: int, *recipient_address*: str, *creation_date*: datetime.date, *due_date*: datetime.date, *title*: str, *tax*: float, *currency*: str, *items*: list, *change_address*: moco_wrapper.models.offer.OfferChangeAddress = <OfferChangeAddress.OFFER: ’offer’>, *salutation*: str = None, *footer*: str = None, *discount*: float = None, *contact_id*: int = None)

Create a new offer.

Parameters

- **deal_id** (int) – Deal id of the offer
- **project_id** (int) – project id of the offer
- **recipient_address** (str) – Address of the recipient (e.g. Test Custmer\nMain Street 5\nExample Town)

- **creation_date** (`datetime.date`, `str`) – Creation date
- **due_date** (`datetime.date`, `str`) – Date the offer is due
- **title** (`str`) – Title of the offer
- **tax** (`float`) – Tax (0.0-100.0)
- **currency** (`str`) – Currency code used (e.g. EUR, CHF)
- **items** (`list`) – List of offer items
- **change_address** (`OfferChangeAddress`, `str`) – change offer address propagation
- **salutation** (`str`) – Salutation text
- **footer** (`str`) – Footer text
- **discount** (`float`) – Discount in percent
- **contact_id** (`int`) – Id of the contact for the offer

Returns The created offer

Note: Either `deal_id` or `project_id` must be specified (or both)

See also:

`moco_wrapper.util.generator.OfferItemGenerator`

get (`offer_id: int`)

Retrieve a single offer.

Parameters `offer_id` (`int`) – Id of the offer

Returns Single offer object

getlist (`status: moco_wrapper.models.offer.OfferStatus = None`, `from_date: datetime.date = None`, `to_date: datetime.date = None`, `identifier: str = None`, `sort_by: str = None`, `sort_order: str = 'asc'`, `page: int = 1`)

Retrieve a list of offers.

Parameters

- **status** (`OfferStatus`, `str`) – State the offer is in
- **from_date** (`datetime.date`, `str`) – Start date
- **to_date** (`datetime.date`, `str`) – End date
- **identifier** (`str`) – Identifier string (e.g.: “A1903-003”)
- **sort_by** (`str`) – Field to sort the results by
- **sort_order** (`str`) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (`int`) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of offer objects

Note: Offers can be sorted by `date`, `created_at` and `title`.

pdf (`offer_id: int, letter_paper_id: int = None`)

Retrieve the offer document for a single offer.

Parameters

- **offer_id**(*int*) – Id of the offer
- **letter_paper_id**(*int*) – Id of the letter paper (default white)

Returns The offers pdf document

```
class moco_wrapper.models.offer.OfferStatus
    Enumeration for allowed values of the status argument of Offer.getlist().
```

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.models.offer import OfferStatus
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
sent_offers = m.Offer.getlist(
    ..
    status = OfferStatus.SENT
)
```

```
ACCEPTED = 'accepted'
ARCHIVED = 'archived'
BILLED = 'billed'
CREATED = 'created'
PARTIALLY_BILLED = 'partially_billed'
SENT = 'sent'
```

```
class moco_wrapper.models.offer.OfferChangeAddress
    Enumeration for allowed values of the change_address argument of Offer.create().
```

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.models.offer import OfferChangeAddress
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
new_offer = m.Offer.create(
    ..
    change_address = OfferChangeAddress.CUSTOMER
)
```

```
CUSTOMER = 'customer'
OFFER = 'offer'
```

5.10 Project

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Project(moco)
    Class for handling projects.
```

```
archive(project_id: int)
    Archive a project.
```

Parameters **project_id**(*int*) – Id of the project to archive

Returns The archived project

assigned (*active: bool = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)
Get list of all project currently assigned to the user.

Parameters

- **active** (*bool*) – Show only active or inactive projects
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Sort by field
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of project objects

create (*name: str, currency: str, leader_id: int, customer_id: int, finish_date: datetime.date = None, identifier: str = None, billing_address: str = None, billing_variant: moco_wrapper.models.project.ProjectBillingVariant = None, hourly_rate: float = None, budget: float = None, labels: list = None, custom_properties: dict = None, info: str = None, fixed_price: bool = False*)
Create a new project.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of the project
- **currency** (*str*) – Currency used by the project (e.g. EUR)
- **leader_id** (*int*) – User id of the project leader
- **customer_id** (*int*) – Company id of the customer
- **finish_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Finish date
- **identifier** (*str*) – Project Identifier
- **billing_address** (*str*) – Billing address the invoices go to
- **billing_variant** (*ProjectBillingVariant, str*) – Billing variant used
- **hourly_rate** (*float*) – Hourly rate that will get billed
- **budget** (*float*) – Budget for the project
- **labels** (*list*) – Array of additional labels
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Custom values used by the project
- **info** (*str*) – Additional information
- **fixed_price** (*bool*) – If the project is a fixed price projects (default False)

Returns The created project object

Note: The parameter `identifier` is required if number ranges are manual.

Note: If you create a fixed_price project budget must also be set.

get (*project_id: int*)
Get a single project.

Parameters **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project

Returns Project object

getlist (*include_archived: bool = None, include_company: bool = None, leader_id: int = None, company_id: int = None, created_from: datetime.date = None, created_to: datetime.date = None, updated_from: datetime.date = None, updated_to: datetime.date = None, tags: list = None, identifier: str = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)
Get a list of projects.

Parameters

- **include_archived** (*bool*) – Include archived projects
- **include_company** (*bool*) – Include the complete company object or just the company id
- **leader_id** (*int*) – User id of the project leader
- **company_id** (*int*) – Company id the projects are assigned to
- **created_from** (*datetime.date, str*) – Created start date
- **created_to** (*datetime.date, str*) – Created end date
- **updated_from** (*datetime.date, str*) – Updated start date
- **updated_to** (*datetime.date, str*) – Updated end date
- **tags** (*list*) – Array of tags
- **identifier** – Project identifier
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort the results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of project objects

report (*project_id: int*)

Retrieve a project report.

All costs are in the accounts main currency, it might differ from the budget and billable items.

Parameters **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project

Returns Report with the most important project business indicators

unarchive (*project_id: int*)

Unarchive a project.

Parameters **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to unarchive

Returns The unarchived project

update (*project_id: int, name: str = None, leader_id: int = None, customer_id: int = None, finish_date: datetime.date = None, identifier: str = None, billing_address: str = None, billing_variant: moco_wrapper.models.project.ProjectBillingVariant = None, hourly_rate: float = None, budget: float = None, labels: list = None, custom_properties: dict = None, info: str = None*)
Update an existing project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to update
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the project
- **leader_id** (*int*) – User id of the project leader

- **customer_id** (*int*) – Company id of the customer
- **finish_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Finish date
- **identifier** (*str*) – Project Identifier
- **billing_address** (*str*) – Address the invoices go to
- **billing_variant** (*ProjectBillingVariant, str*) – Billing variant used
- **hourly_rate** (*float*) – Hourly rate that will get billed
- **budget** (*float*) – Budget for the project
- **labels** (*list*) – Array of additional labels
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Custom values used by the project
- **info** (*str*) – Additional information

Returns The updated project object

```
class moco_wrapper.models.project.ProjectBillingVariant
    Enumeration for allowed values of the billing_variant argument of Project.create() and Project.update().
```

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.models.project import ProjectBillingVariant
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
new_project = m.Project.create(
    ...
    billing_variant = ProjectBillingVariant.USER
)
```

```
PROJECT = 'project'
```

```
TASK = 'task'
```

```
USER = 'user'
```

5.11 Project Contract

```
class moco_wrapper.models.ProjectContract(moco)
```

Class for handling project contracts.

When a user gets assigned to a project, that is called a project contract. This can be done with this model.

```
create(project_id: int, user_id: int, billable: bool = None, active: bool = None, budget: float = None,
       hourly_rate: float = None)
```

Assign a user to a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **user_id** (*int*) – User id of the person to assign
- **billable** (*bool*) – If the contract is billable
- **active** (*bool*) – If the contract is active

- **budget** (*float*) – Contract budget
- **hourly_rate** (*float*) – Contract hourly rate

Returns Created contract object

delete (*project_id: int, contract_id: int*)

Delete a project contract.

Deleting a staff assignment is only possible as long as there are no hours tracked from the assigned person for the project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **contract_id** (*int*) – Id of the contract to delete

Returns Empty response on success

get (*project_id: int, contract_id: int*)

Retrieve a project contract.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **contract_id** (*int*) – Id of the contract

Returns The contract object

getlist (*project_id: int, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Retrieve all active contracts for a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Sort by field
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of contract objects

update (*project_id: int, contract_id: int, billable: bool = None, active: bool = None, budget: float = None, hourly_rate: float = None*)

Update an existing project contract.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to update the contract for
- **contract_id** – Id of the contract to update
- **billable** (*bool*) – If the contract is billable
- **active** (*bool*) – If the contract is active
- **budget** (*float*) – Contract budget
- **hourly_rate** (*float*) – Contract hourly rate

Returns The updated project contract

5.12 Project Expense

```
class moco_wrapper.models.ProjectExpense(moco)
```

Class for handling additional project expenses.

An example for this would be when a third part product (one time cost) is bought for a specific customer project and then get billed to the project to regain the cost.

See also:

[*moco_wrapper.models.ProjectRecurringExpense*](#) for repeating expenses.

```
create(project_id: int, expense_date: datetime.date, title: str, quantity: float, unit: str, unit_price: float, unit_cost: float, description: str = None, billable: bool = True, budget_relevant: bool = False, custom_properties: dict = None)
```

Create a project expense.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to create the expense for
- **expense_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Date of the expense
- **title** (*str*) – Expense title
- **quantity** (*float*) – Quantity (how much of **unit** was bought?)
- **unit** (*str*) – Name of the unit (What was bought for the customer/project?)
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Price of the unit that will be billed to the customer/project
- **unit_cost** (*float*) – Cost that we had to pay
- **description** (*str*) – Description of the expense
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense billable (default True)
- **budget_relevant** (*bool*) – If this expense is budget relevant (default False)
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Additional fields as dictionary

Returns The created expense object

```
create_bulk(project_id: int, items: list)
```

Create multiple expenses for a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to created the expenses for
- **items** (*list*) – Items to create bulk

Returns The created entries

See also:

[*moco_wrapper.util.generator.ProjectExpenseGenerator*](#)

```
delete(project_id: int, expense_id: int)
```

Deletes an expense.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the expense belongs to
- **expense_id** (*int*) – Id of the expense to delete

Returns Empty response on success

disregard (*project_id: int, expense_ids: list, reason: str*)
Disregard expenses

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **expense_ids** (*list*) – Array of expense ids to disregard
- **reason** (*str*) – Reason for disregarding the expenses

Returns Empty response on success

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
project_id = 22
expense_ids_to_disregard = [444, 522, 893]

m.ProjectExpense.disregard(
    project_id,
    expense_ids_to_disregard,
    "Expenses already billed"
)
```

get (*project_id: int, expense_id: int*)

Retrieve a single expense object.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **expense_id** (*int*) – If of the expense to retrieve

Returns Single expense object

getall (*from_date: datetime.date = None, to_date: datetime.date = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Get a list of all expenses.

Parameters

- **from_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Start date
- **to_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – End date
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Sort results by field
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of expense objects

getlist (*project_id: int, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Retrieve all expenses of a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Sort results by field
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)

- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of expense objects

update (*project_id: int, expense_id: int, expense_date: datetime.date = None, title: str = None, quantity: float = None, unit: str = None, unit_price: float = None, unit_cost: float = None, description: str = None, billable: bool = None, budget_relevant: bool = None, custom_properties: dict = None*)
Update an existing project expense.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **expense_id** (*int*) – id of the expense we want to update
- **expense_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Date of the expense
- **title** (*str*) – Expense title
- **quantity** (*float*) – Quantity (how much of unit was bought?)
- **unit** (*str*) – Name of the unit (What was bought for the customer/project?)
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Price of the unit that will be billed to the customer/project
- **unit_cost** (*float*) – Cost that we had to pay
- **description** (*str*) – Description of the expense
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense billable (default True)
- **budget_relevant** (*bool*) – If this expense is budget relevant (default False)
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Additional fields as dictionary

Returns The updated expense object

5.13 Project Recurring Expense

class moco_wrapper.models.ProjectRecurringExpense (*moco*)
Class for handling recurring expenses of a project.

An example for this would be when a third part subscription (repeat cost) is bought for a specific customer project and then get billed to the project to regain the cost.

See also:

[moco_wrapper.models.ProjectExpense](#) for one time expenses.

create (*project_id: int, start_date: datetime.date, period: moco_wrapper.models.project_recurring_expense.ProjectRecurringExpensePeriod, title: str, quantity: float, unit: str, unit_price: float, unit_cost: float, finish_date: datetime.date = None, description: str = None, billable: bool = True, budget_relevant: bool = False, custom_properties: dict = None*)
Create a new recurring expense for a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to create the expense for
- **start_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Starting date of the expense
- **period** (*ProjectRecurringExpensePeriod, str*) – period of the expense
- **title** (*str*) – Title of the expense

- **quantity** (*float*) – Quantity (how much of unit was bought?)
- **unit** (*str*) – Name of the unit (What was bought for the customer/project?)
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Price of the unit that will be billed to the customer/project
- **unit_cost** (*float*) – Cost that we had to pay
- **finish_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Finish date, (if empty: unlimited)
- **description** (*str*) – Description of the expense
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense billable (default True)
- **budget_relevant** (*bool*) – If this expense is budget relevant (default False)
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Additional fields as dictionary

Returns The created recurring expense object

delete (*project_id: int, recurring_expense_id: int*)

Deletes an existing recurring expense.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Project id the expense belongs to
- **recurring_expense_id** (*int*) – Id of the expense to delete

Returns Empty response on success

get (*project_id: int, recurring_expense_id: int*)

Retrieve a single recurring expense

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the expense belongs to
- **recurring_expense_id** (*int*) – Id of the recurring expense

Returns Single recurring expense object

getlist (*project_id: int, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Retrieve a list of recurring expenses for a project

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the expenses belong to
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of recurring expenses

update (*project_id: int, recurring_expense_id: int, title: str = None, quantity: float = None, unit: str = None, unit_price: float = None, unit_cost: float = None, finish_date: datetime.date = None, description: str = None, billable: bool = None, budget_relevant: bool = None, custom_properties: dict = None*)

Update an existing recurring expense.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **recurring_expense_id** (*int*) – Id of the recurring expense to update
- **title** (*str*) – Title of the expense

- **quantity** (*int*) – Quantity (how much of unit was bought?)
- **unit** (*str*) – Name of the unit (What was bought for the customer/project?)
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Price of the unit that will be billed to the customer/project
- **unit_cost** (*float*) – Cost that we had to pay
- **finish_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Finish date, (if empty: unlimited)
- **description** (*str*) – Description of the expense
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense billable
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Additional fields as dictionary

Returns The updated recurring expense object

```
class moco_wrapper.models.project_recurring_expense.ProjectRecurringExpensePeriod
```

Enumeration for allowed values of period argument of *ProjectRecurringExpense.create()*.

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.models.project_recurring_expense import_
    ProjectRecurringExpensePeriod
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
recur_expense = m.ProjectRecurringExpense.create(
    ...
    period = ProjectRecurringExpensePeriod.WEEKLY
)
```

```
ANNUAL = 'annual'
BIANNUAL = 'biannual'
BIWEEKLY = 'biweekly'
MONTHLY = 'monthly'
QUARTERLY = 'quarterly'
WEEKLY = 'weekly'
```

5.14 Project Payment Schedule

```
class moco_wrapper.models.ProjectPaymentSchedule(moco)
```

Class for handling billing schedules for fixed price projects.

Fixed Price projects can have a target date they should be billed on (in the future). With this class you can create this target entry (and how much should be billed).

For Example you can create a project that will be billed in four (4) steps over the year.

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco
from datetime import date

m = Moco()
leader_id = 1
customer_id = 2
```

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```
#create fixed price projects
project = m.Project.create(
    "my fixed price project",
    "EUR",
    leader_id,
    customer_id,
    fixed_price=True,
    budget=4000
).data

first_payment = m.ProjectPaymentSchedule.create(project.id, 1000.0, date(2020, 3, ↵1))
second_payment = m.ProjectPaymentSchedule.create(project.id, 1000.0, date(2020, 6, ↵1))
third_payment = m.ProjectPaymentSchedule.create(project.id, 1000.0, date(2020, 9, ↵1))
fourth_payment = m.ProjectPaymentSchedule.create(project.id, 1000.0, date(2020, ↵12, 1))
```

See also:

moco_wrapper.models.Project.create()

create (*project_id: int, net_total: float, schedule_date: datetime.date, title: str = None, checked: bool = False*)

Creates a new project payment schedule.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – The id of the project the entry belongs to
- **net_total** (*float*) – How much should be billed on this schedule
- **schedule_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Date of the entry
- **title** (*str*) – Title string
- **checked** – Mark entry as checked (the entry will be crossed out in the UI)

Returns The created schedule item

delete (*project_id: int, schedule_id: int*)

Delete a project payment schedule item

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Project the payment schedule belongs to
- **schedule_id** (*int*) – Id of the schedule item to delete

Returns The deleted response on success

get (*project_id: int, schedule_id: int*)

Retrieves project payment schedule.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to schedule item belongs to
- **schedule_id** (*int*) – Id of the schedule to retrieve

Returns The schedule item

getlist (*project_id: int, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Retrieve a list of project payment schedules

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Project id of the schedule items
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort the results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of schedules payments

update (*project_id: int, schedule_id: int, net_total: float = None, schedule_date: datetime.date = None, title: str = None, checked: bool = None*)

Updates an existing project payment schedule.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Project id the schedule item belongs to
- **schedule_id** (*int*) – Id of the schedule item to update
- **net_total** (*float*) – Total amount to be billed
- **schedule_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Date the billing will take place
- **title** (*str*) – Title of the item
- **checked** (*bool*) – Mark entry as checked (the entry will be crossed out in the UI)

Returns The updated schedule item

5.15 Project Task

class moco_wrapper.models.ProjectTask (*moco*)

Class for handling tasks of a project.

create (*project_id: int, name: str, billable: bool = True, active: bool = True, budget: float = None, hourly_rate: float = None*)

Create a task for a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the created task will belong to
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the task
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense billable (default True)
- **active** (*bool*) – If this expense active (default True)
- **budget** (*float*) – Budget for the task (e.g. 200.75)
- **hourly_rate** (*float*) – How much is the hourly rate for the task (e.g.: 120.5)

Returns The created project task

delete (*project_id: int, task_id: int*)

Delete project task

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the task belongs to

- **task_id** (*int*) – Id of the task to delete

Returns Empty response on success

Note: Deletion of a task is only possible as long as no hours were tracked for the task

get (*project_id: int, task_id: int*)

Retrieve a single project task.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the task belongs to
- **task_id** (*int*) – Id of the task

Returns Single project task

getlist (*project_id: int, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)

Retrieve a list of tasks for a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of project tasks

update (*project_id: int, task_id: int, name: str = None, billable: bool = None, active: bool = None, budget: float = None, hourly_rate: float = None*)

Update a task for a project.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project the task belongs to
- **task_id** (*int*) – Id of the task to update
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the task
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense billable (default True)
- **active** (*bool*) – If this expense active (default True)
- **budget** (*float*) – Budget for the task (e.g. 200.75)
- **hourly_rate** (*float*) – How much is the hourly rate for the task (e.g.: 120.5)

Returns The updated project task

5.16 Planning Entry

class moco_wrapper.models.PlaningEntry (*moco*)

Class for handling planning.

Note: This is the new way for handling planning (the old way was with Schedules)

```
create(project_id: int, starts_on: datetime.date, ends_on: datetime.date,
       hours_per_day: float, user_id: int = None, comment: str = None, symbol:
       moco_wrapper.models.planning_entry.PlanningEntrySymbol = None)
```

Create a new planning entry

Parameters

- **project_id**(int) – Project id
- **starts_on**(datetime.date, str) – Start date
- **ends_on**(datetime.date, str) – End date
- **hours_per_day**(float) – Hours per day the planning entry will consume
- **user_id**(int) – User id the planning entry belongs to (default None)
- **comment**(str) – A comment (default None)
- **symbol**([PlanningEntrySymbol](#), int) – Symbol icon to use (default None)

Returns The created planning entry

Note: If no user_id is supplied the entry will be created with the user_id of the executing request (the user_id the api key belongs to)

```
delete(planning_entry_id: int)
```

Delete a planning entry

Parameters **planning_entry_id**(int) – Id of the entry to delete**Returns** The deleted planning entry

```
get(planning_entry_id: int)
```

Retrieve a single planning entry

Parameters **planning_entry_id**(int) – Id the of the entry**Returns** Single planning entry

```
getlist(start_date: datetime.date = None, end_date: datetime.date = None, user_id: int = None,
          project_id: int = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1)
```

Retrieve a list of planning entries

Parameters

- **start_date**(datetime.date, str) – Start date (if start_date is supplied, end_date must also be supplied) (default None)
- **end_date**(datetime.date, str) – End date (if end_date is supplied, start_date must also be supplied) (default None)
- **user_id**(int) – User id (default None)
- **project_id**(int) – Project id (default None)
- **sort_by**(str) – Field to sort by (default None)
- **sort_order**(str) – asc or desc (default 'asc')
- **page**(int) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of planning entries

```
update(planning_entry_id: int, project_id: int = None, starts_on: datetime.date = None, ends_on: datetime.date = None, hours_per_day: float = None, user_id: int = None, comment: str = None, symbol: moco_wrapper.models.planning_entry.PlanningEntrySymbol = None)
```

Updates a planning entry

Parameters

- **planning_entry_id** (int) – Id of the entry to update
- **project_id** (int) – Project id (default None)
- **starts_on** (datetime.date, str) – Start date (default None)
- **ends_on** (datetime.date, str) – End date (default None)
- **hours_per_day** (float) – Hours per day the planning entry will consume (default None)
- **user_id** (int) – User id the planning entry belongs to (default None)
- **comment** (str) – A comment (default None)
- **symbol** (*PlanningEntrySymbol*, int) – Symbol icon to use (default None)

Returns The updated planning entry

```
class moco_wrapper.models.planning_entry.PlanningEntrySymbol
```

Enumeration for allowed values for argument symbol for *PlanningEntry.create()*.

```
from moco_wrapper.models.planning_entry import PlanningEntrySymbol
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()

new_planning_entry = m.create(
    ...
    symbol = PlanningEntrySymbol.HOME
)
```

```
BABY_CARRIAGE = 7
BELLS = 6
BUILDING = 2
CAR = 3
COCKTAIL = 5
GRADUATION_CAP = 4
HOME = 1
INFO_CIRCLE = 10
MOON = 9
USERS = 8
```

5.17 Schedule

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Schedule(moco)
```

Class for handling user schedules (Old Planning and Absences).

Note: For handling planning the new way, use the `moco_wrapper.models.PlanningEntry`

create (`schedule_date: datetime.date, project_id: int = None, absence_code: moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleAbsenceCode = None, user_id: int = None, am: bool = None, pm: bool = None, comment: str = None, symbol: moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleSymbol = None, overwrite: bool = None`)
Create a new schedule entry.

Parameters

- **schedule_date** (`datetime.date, str`) – date of the entry
- **project_id** (`int`) – Project id
- **absence_code** (`ScheduleAbsenceCode, int`) – Type of absence
- **user_id** (`int`) – User id
- **am** (`bool`) – Morning yes/no
- **pm** (`bool`) – Afternoon yes/no
- **comment** (`str`) – Comment text
- **symbol** (`ScheduleSymbol, int`) – Symbol to use for the schedule item
- **overwrite** (`bool`) – yes/no overwrite existing entry

Returns The created planning entry

Note: Define either `project_id` OR `absence_code`, specify one, not both.

delete (`schedule_id: int`)

Delete a schedule entry.

Parameters `schedule_id (int)` – Id of the entry to delete

Returns The deleted schedule object

get (`schedule_id: int`)

Retrieve a single schedule object.

Parameters `schedule_id (int)` – Id of the entry

Returns Single schedule object

getlist (`from_date: datetime.date = None, to_date: datetime.date = None, user_id: int = None, project_id: int = None, absence_code: moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleAbsenceCode = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page=1`)
Retrieve all planned schedule items.

Parameters

- **from_date** (`datetime.date, str`) – Start date
- **to_date** (`datetime.date, str`) – End date
- **user_id** (`int`) – user id the planned entries are belonging to
- **project_id** (`int`) – project id
- **absence_code** (`ScheduleAbsenceCode, int`) – Type of absence

- **sort_by** (*str*) – Field to sort the results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of schedule objects

```
update(schedule_id: int, project_id: int = None, absence_code: moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleAbsenceCode = None, am: bool = None, pm: bool = None, comment: str = None, symbol: moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleSymbol = None, overwrite: bool = None)
```

Update a schedule entry.

Parameters

- **schedule_id** (*int*) – Id of the entry to update
- **project_id** (*int*) – Project id
- **absence_code** (*ScheduleAbsenceCode*, *int*) – Type of absence
- **am** (*bool*) – Morning yes/no
- **pm** (*bool*) – Afternoon yes/no
- **comment** (*str*) – Comment text
- **symbol** (*ScheduleSymbol*, *str*) – Symbol to use for the schedule item
- **overwrite** (*bool*) – yes/no overwrite existing entry

Returns The updated schedule entry

Note: Define either `project_id` OR `absence_code`, specify one, not both.

```
class moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleAbsenceCode
Enumeration for allowed values of argument absence_code of Schedule.getlist(), Schedule.create() and Schedule.update()
```

```
from moco_wrapper.models.schedule import ScheduleAbsenceCode
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
new_schedule = m.Schedule.create(
    ...
    absence_code = ScheduleAbsenceCode.SICK_DAY
)
```

```
ABSENCE = 5
```

```
HOLIDAY = 4
```

```
PUBLIC_HOLIDAY = 2
```

```
SICK_DAY = 3
```

```
UNPLANNED = 1
```

```
class moco_wrapper.models.schedule.ScheduleSymbol
Enumeration for allowed values of argument symbol of Schedule.create() and Schedule.update()
```

```
from moco_wrapper.models.schedule import ScheduleSymbol
from moco_wrapper import Moco
```

```
m = Moco()
new_schedule = m.Schedule.create(
    ...
    symbol = ScheduleSymbol.HOME
)
```

BABY_CARRIAGE = 7

BELLS = 6

BUILDING = 2

CAR = 3

COCKTAIL = 5

GRADUATION_CAP = 4

HOME = 1

INFO_CIRCLE = 10

MOON = 9

USERS = 8

5.18 Unit

```
class moco_wrapper.models.Unit(moco)
Class for handling teams.
```

When a user is created he always belongs to a team (e.g. development). These can be managed with this model.

get (*unit_id*: int)

Get a single team.

Parameters **unit_id** (int) – Id of the team

Returns Single team object

getlist (*sort_by*: str = *None*, *sort_order*: str = 'asc', *page*: int = 1)

Retrieve a list of teams.

Parameters

- **sort_by** (str) – Sort by field
- **sort_order** (str) – asc or desc (default asc)
- **page** (int) – page number (default 1)

Returns List of team objects

5.19 User

```
class moco_wrapper.models.User(moco)
```

Class for handling users.

```
create(firstname: str, lastname: str, email: str, password: str, unit_id: int, active: bool = None,  
       external: bool = None, language: str = None, mobile_phone: str = None, work_phone: str =  
       None, home_address: str = None, birthday: datetime.date = None, custom_properties: dict =  
       None, info: str = None)
```

Creates a new user.

Parameters

- **firstname** (*str*) – First name of the user
- **lastname** (*str*) – Last name of the user
- **email** (*str*) – Email address
- **password** (*str*) – Password to use when creating the user
- **unit_id** (*int*) – Id of the unit/team the user belongs to
- **active** (*bool*) – If the user should be activated or not
- **external** (*bool*) – If the user is an employee or an external employee (his user id will now show up in reports etc.)
- **language** (*str*) – de, de-AT, de-CH, en, it or fr
- **mobile_phone** (*str*) – Mobile phone number
- **work_phone** (*str*) – Work phone number
- **home_address** (*str*) – Phyical home address
- **birthday** (*datetime.date, str*) – Birthday date
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Custom fields to add to the user
- **info** (*str*) – Additional information about the user

Returns The created user object

```
delete(user_id: int)
```

Deletes an existing user.

Parameters **user_id** (*int*) – Id of the user to delete

Returns Empty response on success

```
get(user_id: int)
```

Get a single user.

Parameters **user_id** (*int*) – Id of the user

Returns Single user object

```
getlist(include_archived: bool = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1)
```

Get a list of users.

Parameters

- **include_archived** (*bool*) – Include archived users in the list
- **sort_by** (*str*) – Sort by key
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc (default asc)

- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of users

update (*user_id*, *firstname*: *str* = *None*, *lastname*: *str* = *None*, *email*: *str* = *None*, *password*: *str* = *None*, *unit_id*: *int* = *None*, *active*: *bool* = *None*, *external*: *bool* = *None*, *language*: *str* = *None*, *mobile_phone*: *str* = *None*, *work_phone*: *str* = *None*, *home_address*: *str* = *None*, *birthday*: *datetime.date* = *None*, *custom_properties*: *dict* = *None*, *info*: *str* = *None*)

Updates an existing user.

Parameters

- **user_id** (*int*) – the Id of the user
- **firstname** (*str*) – First name of the user
- **lastname** (*str*) – Last name of the user
- **email** (*str*) – Email address
- **password** (*str*) – Password to use when creating the user
- **unit_id** (*int*) – Id of the unit/team the user belongs to
- **active** (*bool*) – If the user should be activated or not
- **external** (*bool*) – If the user is an employee or an external employee (his user id will now show up in reports etc.)
- **language** (*str*) – de, de-AT, de-CH, en, it or fr
- **mobile_phone** (*str*) – Mobile phone number
- **work_phone** (*str*) – Work phone number
- **home_address** (*str*) – Physical home address
- **birthday** (*datetime.date*, *str*) – Birthday date
- **custom_properties** (*dict*) – Custom fields to add to the user
- **info** (*str*) – Additional information about the user

Returns The updated user object

5.20 User Employment

class moco_wrapper.models.**UserEmployment** (*moco*)

Class for handling user employment schemes.

Every user has an employment entry, which defines how many hours every day he should be at work.

get (*employment_id*: *int*)

Retrieve a single employment

Parameters **employment_id** (*int*) – Id of the employment

Returns Employment object

getlist (*from_date*: *datetime.date* = *None*, *to_date*: *datetime.date* = *None*, *user_id*: *int* = *None*, *sort_by*: *str* = *None*, *sort_order*: *str* = 'asc', *page*: *int* = 1)

Retrieve a list of employments.

Parameters

- **from_date** (*datetime.date*, *str*) – Start date

- **to_date** (`datetime.date, str`) – End date
- **user_id** (`int`) – User id
- **sort_by** (`str`) – Field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (`str`) – asc or desc
- **page** (`int`) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of employment objects

5.21 User Holiday

class `moco_wrapper.models.UserHoliday(moco)`

Class for handling users holiday/vacation credits.

Every user that can take vacation has a number of vacation credits. These can be managed with this model.

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

user_id = 22 #this user gets extra vacation in 2020
m.UserHoliday.create(
    2020,
    "extra vacation day",
    8 #hours
)
```

Note: Please note that the base unit for holiday credits is hours. So if your typical workday contains 8 hours, 8 holiday credits means one day off.

create (`year: int, title: str, user_id: int, hours: float = None, days: float = None`)

Create an users entitlement for holidays/vacation (either by hours or days)

Parameters

- **year** (`int`) – Year the holiday credits are for
- **title** (`str`) – Title
- **user_id** (`int`) – Id of the user these holiday credits belongs to
- **hours** (`float`) – Hours (specify either hours or days)
- **days** (`float`) – Days (specify either hours or days)

Returns The created holiday object

delete (`holiday_id: int`)

Delete a holiday entry

Parameters `holiday_id (int)` – Id of the holiday entry to delete

Returns Empty response on success

get (`holiday_id: int`)

Retrieve single holiday entry

Parameters `holiday_id (int)` – Id of the holiday

Returns The holiday object

getlist (*year: int = None, user_id: int = None, sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1*)
Retrieve a list of holidays entries

Parameters

- **year** (*int*) – Show only this year (e.g. 2019)
- **user_id** (*int*) – Show only holidays from this user (e.g. 5)
- **sort_by** (*str*) – field to sort results by
- **sort_order** (*str*) – asc or desc
- **page** (*int*) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of holiday entries

update (*holiday_id: int, year: int = None, title: str = None, user_id: int = None, hours: float = None, days: float = None*)
Update a holiday entry

Parameters

- **holiday_id** (*int*) – Id of the holiday entry
- **year** (*int*) – Year the holiday credits are for
- **title** (*str*) – Title
- **user_id** (*int*) – User this holiday entry belongs to
- **hours** (*float*) – Hours (specify either hours or days)
- **days** (*float*) – Days (specify either hours or days)

Returns The updated holiday object

5.22 User Presence

class moco_wrapper.models.**UserPresence** (*moco*)
Class for handling presences.

With this model you can log the times your user start and finish the workday. For example if the users punch in to indicate they have arrived and punch out to leave, you can log the times with this model.

Also this can be used to log when your users are at work.

create (*pres_date: str, from_time: str, to_time: str = None*)
Create a presence.

Parameters

- **pres_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Date of the presence
- **from_time** (*str*) – Starting time of the presence (format HH:MM)
- **to_time** (*str*) – End time of the presence (format HH:MM)

Returns The created presence

delete (*pres_id: int*)
Deletes a presence.

Parameters `pres_id` (`int`) – Id of the presence

Returns Empty response on success

get (`pres_id: int`)

Retrieve a single presence.

Parameters `pres_id` (`int`) – Id of the presence

Returns Single presence object

getlist (`from_date: datetime.date = None, to_date: datetime.date = None, user_id: int = None,`

`sort_by: str = None, sort_order: str = 'asc', page: int = 1`)

Retrieve all user presences.

Parameters

- `from_date` (`datetime.date, str`) – Start date
- `to_date` (`datetime.date, str`) – End date
- `user_id` (`int`) – Id of the user
- `sort_by` (`str`) – Field to sort results by
- `sort_order` (`str`) – asc or desc (default asc)
- `page` (`int`) – Page number (default 1)

Returns List of presence objects

Note: `from_date` and `to_date` must be provided together.

touch()

Creates a new presence for the user with the corresponding api key starting from the current time. Or it terminates an existing open presence at the current time. Can be used to implement a clock system (RFID).

If a presence is started and stopped within the same minute, it will be discarded.

update (`pres_id: int, pres_date: datetime.date = None, from_time: str = None, to_time: str = None`)

Update a presence.

Parameters

- `pres_id` (`int`) – Id of the presence
- `pres_date` (`datetime.date, str`) – Date of the presence
- `from_time` (`str`) – Starting time of the presence (format HH:MM)
- `to_time` (`str`) – End time of the presence (format HH:MM)

Returns The created presence

5.23 Session

class `moco_wrapper.models.Session(moco)`

Class for handling authentication against the moco api with a users email address and password

This model is internally called when the moco instance is created with no api key in the authentication object and will be invoked before the first request is fired.

authenticate (*email*: str, *password*: str)

Authenticates the client with email and password

Parameters

- **email** (str) – Email address
- **password** (str) – Password

Returns Authentication information

CHAPTER 6

Requestor

6.1 Default Requestor

```
class moco_wrapper.util.requestor.DefaultRequestor(delay_ms: float = 1000.0)
Default Requestor class that is used by the moco_wrapper.Moco instance.
```

When the default requests requests a ressources and it sees the error code 429 (too many requests), it waits a bit and then tries the request again. If you do not want that behaviour, use *moco_wrapper.util.requestor.NoRetryRequestor*.

See also:

moco_wrapper.util.requestor.NoRetryRequestor

request (*method*, *path*, *params=None*, *data=None*, *delay_ms=0*, ***kwargs*)

Request the given ressource

Parameters

- **method** (*str*) – HTTP Method (eg. POST, GET, PUT, DELETE)
- **path** (*str*) – Path of the ressource (e.g. /projects)
- **params** (*dict*) – Url parameters (e.g. page=1, query parameters)
- **data** (*dict*) – Dictionary with data (http body)
- **delay_ms** (*float*) – Delay in milliseconds the requestor should wait before sending the request (used for retrying, default 0)
- **kwargs** – Additional http arguments.

Returns Response object

session

Http Session this requestor uses

6.2 No-Retry Requestor

```
class moco_wrapper.util.requestor.NoRetryRequestor
```

This requestor works along the same lines as the `moco_wrapper.util.requestor.DefaultRequestor`, but when this requestor comes along the http code 429 for too many requests it just returns an error response.

Use this requestor if you write integration tests or dont have time for retrying the ressource.

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.util.requestor import NoRetryRequestor
from moco_wrapper import Moco

no_retry = NoRetryRequestor()
m = Moco(
    requestor = no_retry
)
```

See also:

`moco_wrapper.util.requestor.DefaultRequestor`

request (*method*, *path*, *params=None*, *data=None*, ***kwargs*)

Request the given ressource

Parameters

- **method** (*str*) – HTTP Method (eg. POST, GET, PUT, DELETE)
- **path** (*str*) – Path of the ressource (e.g. /projects)
- **params** (*dict*) – Url parameters (e.g. page=1, query parameters)
- **data** (*dict*) – Dictionary with data (http body)
- **kwargs** – Additional http arguments.

Returns Response object

session

Http Session this requestor uses

6.3 Raw Requestor

```
class moco_wrapper.util.requestor.RawRequestor
```

The Raw Requestor is a test requestor that saves all arguments into and object and returns it.

Warning: Use this requestor only for testing.

request (*method*, *path*, *params=None*, *data=None*, ***kwargs*) → dict

Request the given ressource

Parameters

- **method** – HTTP Method (eg. POST, GET, PUT, DELETE)
- **path** – Path of the ressource (e.g. /projects)

- **params** – Url parameters (e.g. page=1, query parameters)
- **data** – Dictionary with data (http body)
- **kwargs** – Additional http arguments.

Returns Request objects

CHAPTER 7

Objector

7.1 Default Objector

```
class moco_wrapper.util.objector.DefaultObjector
```

This is the default class for handling the modification of response objects that the requestor classes generated and were pushed to the objector.

Successfull responses will have their data converted into actual python objects, while error responses will be converted into exceptions and raised at a later stage.

Note: If you do not want exceptions to be raised see [*moco_wrapper.util.objector.NoErrorObjector*](#)

```
class_map = None
```

Dictionary used to find the appropriate classes from url-part-path created in [*get_class_name_from_request_url\(\)*](#)

For example the path project=>tasks means ProjectTask is the responsible class. The dictionary contains the following:

```
"projects": {  
    "base" => "Project",  
    "tasks" => "ProjectTask"  
}
```

```
convert (requestor_response)
```

Converts the data of a response object (for example json) into a python object.

Parameters `requestor_response` – response object (see [*Responses*](#))

Returns modified response object

Note: The data of an error response response (`moco_wrapper.util.response.ErrorResponse`) will be converted into an actual exception that later can be raised

Note: if the method `get_class_name_from_request_url()` that is used to find the right class for conversion, returns None, no conversion of objects will take place

error_class_map = None

Dictionary used to convert http status codes into the appropriate exceptions

```
self.error_class_map = {
    404: "NotFoundException",
    ..
}
```

get_class_name_from_request_url(url) → str

Finds the class name by analysing the request url.

Parameters `url (str)` – url to analyse

This function works as follows:

The url will look something like this `https://test.mocoapp.com/api/v1/projects/1234/tasks?page=1`. We split the url on /api/v1/.

```
[https://test.mocoapp.com", "projects/1234/tasks?page=1"]
```

After that we throw away the first part and split the second part on the slash character:

```
["projects", 1234, "tasks?page=1"]
```

Then we remove all query string parameters:

```
["projects", 1234, "tasks"]
```

Then we remove all parts that are ids(digits):

```
["projects", "tasks"]
```

Now that we have our path `projects=>tasks`, we use the `class_map` to find the right classname.

The map is a dictionary that looks something like this:

```
class_map = {
    "activities" => {
        "base" => "Activity"
        "disregard" => None
    },
    "projects": {
        "base" => "Project",
        "tasks" => "ProjectTask"
    },
    "users" => { .. },
    "companies" => { .. }
}
```

We use the path we generated and walk our `class_map` until we get the entry at the end of the path. In our case that would be `ProjectTask`. As this value is a string that is our final classname.

Note: if the final value is a dictionary, the base case will be returned. For example if path was `projects`, the value at the end of our path is a dictionary. If that is the case the `base` key will be used.

`get_error_class_name_from_response_status_code(status_code) → str`

Get the class name of the exception class based on the given http status code

Parameters `status_code (int)` – Http status code of the response

Returns class name of the exception

Warning: The `status_code` parameter must be a key in `error_class_map`

7.2 No-Error Objector

`class moco_wrapper.util.objector.NoErrorObjector`

This class works along the same lines as the `DefaultObjector`, but it does not convert error responses into actual exceptions. Instead an `ErrorResponse` object will be returned.

See also:

`moco_wrapper.util.objector.DefaultObjector`

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.util.objector import NoErrorObjector
from moco_wrapper import Moco

no_err_objector = NoErrorObjector()
m = Moco(
    objector = no_err_objector
)
```

`convert (requestor_response)`

converts the data of a response object (for example json) into a python object

Parameters `requestor_response` – response object (see [Responses](#))

Returns modified response object

Note: only `moco_wrapper.util.response.JsonResponse` and `moco_wrapper.util.response.ListingResponse` are objects to this conversion. Error responses will not be touched by this objector.

Note: if the method `get_class_name_from_request_url()` that is used to find the right class for conversion, returns `None`, no conversion of objects will take place

7.3 Raw Objector

```
class moco_wrapper.util.objector.RawObjector
    Objector class that does no conversion (for testing purposes)

    convert (requestor_response)
        Returns the response object that was given to it.

        Parameters requestor_response – Response object to convert
        Returns requestor_response as it is
```

CHAPTER 8

Responses

8.1 Json Response

```
class moco_wrapper.util.response.JsonResponse(response)
```

Class for handling http responses where the body is a single json object

data
Returns the json data of the response as a dictionary

```
m = Moco()
project_id = 22

json_response = m.Project.get(project_id).data
print(json_response)
```

response
http response object

8.2 Listing Response

```
class moco_wrapper.util.response.ListingResponse(response)
```

Class for handling http responses where the response body is a json list.

Listings in Moco are usually paginated (if there are more than 100 items that fit your request).

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco()
all_projects = []

project_list = m.Project.getlist()
```

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```
all_projects.extend(project_list.items)

while not project_list.is_last:
    project_list = m.Project.getlist(page=project_list.next_page)
    all_projects.extend(project_list.items)
```

Or with a for loop:

```
from moco_wrapper import Moco

m = Moco
all_projects = []

project_list = m.Project.getlist()
all_projects.extend(project_list.items)

for i in range(2, project_list.last_page + 1): #first page already queried
    project_list = m.Project.getlist(page=i)
    all_projects.extend(project_list.items)
```

current_page

Returns the current page number

Type int

data

Returns the list of object the response contains

Type list

See also:

items

is_last

Returns whether the current page is the last page

Type bool

items

Get the list of objects the response contains

Type list

```
m = Moco()
project_list = m.Project.getlist()

for item in project_list.items:
    print(item)
```

See also:

data

last_page

Returns the last page number

Type int

next_page

Returns the next page number

Type int

Note: Do not use this for checking if there is another page, use `is_last()`

page_size

Returns the amount of items that are in the current page (usually 100)

Type int

response

http response object

total

Returns the amount of items that are in the current (paginated) collection

Type int

8.3 File Response

class moco_wrapper.util.response.**FileResponse** (*response*)

Class for handling http responses where the body is just binary content representing a file

data

Returns the binary data of the response

See also:

`file`

file

Returns the binary data of the response

```
m = Moco()
offer_id = 22
target_path = "./offer.pdf"

file_response = m.Offer.pdf(offer_id)
with open(target_path, "w+b") as f:
    f.write(file_response.file)
```

See also:

`data`

response

http response object

write_to_file (*file_path: str*)

Writes the binary response content to a file

Parameters `file_path` – path of the target file

```
m = Moco()
offer_id = 22
target_path = "./offer.pdf"

file_response = m.Offer.pdf(offer_id)
file_response.write_to_file(target_path)
```

8.4 Empty Response

```
class moco_wrapper.util.response.EmptyResponse(response)
```

Class for handling responses where the body contains no content but the operation on the api was a success (likely a delete operation)

data

No data in an empty response, returns None

Returns None

response

http response object

8.5 Error Response

```
class moco_wrapper.util.response.ErrorResponse(response)
```

class for handling error messages returned by the api

data

Returns the text of the object (the error message itself)

is_recoverable

Checks the http status code of the response and returns True if the error is not a permanent error, i.e. recovering is possible by simply waiting a bit and sending the request again.

Type bool

Returns True if recovery is possible by sending the request again later, otherwise False

```
m = Moco()
project_id = 22

project_get = m.Project.get(project_id)

if isinstance(project_get, ErrorResponse) and project_get.is_recoverable:
    time.sleep(5)
    project_get = m.Project.get(project_id)

print(project_get)
```

response

http response object

CHAPTER 9

Generator

9.1 Invoice Payment Generator

```
class moco_wrapper.util.generator.InvoicePaymentGenerator
```

```
generate(payment_date: datetime.date, invoice_id: int, paid_total: float, currency: str) → dict
```

Generates an invoice payment item that can be supplied to a bulk created

Parameters

- **payment_date** (`datetime.date, str`) – date of the payment
- **invoice_id** (`int`) – id of the invoice the payment belongs to
- **paid_total** (`float`) – amount that was paid (ex 200)
- **currency** (`str`) – currency of the amount that was paid (ex. EUR)

Returns an invoice payment item

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.util.generator import InvoicePaymentGenerator
from moco_wrapper import Moco
from datetime import date

m = Moco()
gen = InvoicePaymentGenerator()

items = [
    gen.generate(
        "2019-10-10",
        1,
        200,
        "EUR"
    ),
]
```

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```
gen.generate(
    "2020-04-04",
    2,
    540,
    "CHF"
),
gen.generate(
    date(2020, 1, 1)
    1,
    300,
    "EUR"
)
]

created_invoice_payment = m.InvoicePayment.create_bulk(items)
```

See also:

`moco_wrapper.models.InvoicePayment.create_bulk()`

9.2 Invoice Item Generator

`class moco_wrapper.util.generator.InvoiceItemGenerator`

`generate_description(description: str) → dict`

Generate an item of type description

Parameters `description (str)` – Description the item should have

Returns The generated item

`generate_detail_position(title: str, quantity: float, unit: str, unit_price: float) → dict`

Generates a detailed position item to be used in an offer items list (for example hours are a perfect example that can be split into units (a single hours set the unit, unit_price, and quantity)).

Parameters

- `title (str)` – Title of the position item
- `quantity (float)` – How many of the things (i.e. how many hours)
- `unit (str)` – What is the thing (i.e. hours)
- `unit_price (float)` – Price of a single thing (i.e. price of a single hour)

Returns The generated item

See also:

`generate_item()`

`generate_item(title: str, quantity: float = None, unit: str = None, unit_price: float = None, net_total: float = None) → dict`

Generate an invoice item.

Parameters

- `title (str)` – Title of the item
- `quantity (float)` – Quantity of the supplied item

- **unit** (*str*) – Unit name of the supplied item
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Unit price of the supplied item
- **net_total** (*float*) – Net total sum (either this is supplied or unit, unit_price, and quantity)

Returns The generated item

This is the base function for generating positions in an invoice. There are two types of positions. Positions that can be itemized (see `generate_detail_position()`) and positions that do not have to be itemized (`generate_lump_position()`).

See also:

`generate_detail_position()` and `generate_lump_position()`

generate_lump_position (*title: str, net_total: float*) → dict

Generates a general position item to be used in a offer list (use this if the postion cannot (or do not want) to split the position into units).

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) – Title of the position
- **net_total** (*float*) – Total price of the postion
- **optional** (*bool*) – If the position is optional or not (default False)

Returns The generated item

See also:

`generate_item()`

generate_pagebreak () → dict

Generate an item of type page-break

Returns The generated item

generate_separator () → dict

Generate an item of type separator

Returns The generated item

generate_subtotal (*title: str*) → dict

Generate an item of type subtotal

Parameters **title** (*str*) – The title of the subtotal

Returns The generated item

generate_title (*title: str*) → dict

Generate an item of type title

Parameters **title** (*str*) – Title the item should have

Returns The generated item

9.3 Offer Item Generator

```
class moco_wrapper.util.generator.OfferItemGenerator
```

generate_description (*description: str*) → dict

Generate an item of type description

Parameters **description** (*str*) – Description the item should have

Returns The generated item

generate_detail_position (*title: str, quantity: float, unit: str, unit_price: float, optional: bool = False*) → dict

Generates a detailed position item to be used in an offer items list (for example work hours are a perfect example that can be split into units (a single hours set the unit, unit_price, and quantity))

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) – Title of the position item
- **quantity** (*float*) – How many of the things (i.e. how many hours)
- **unit** (*str*) – What is the thing (i.e. hours)
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Price of a single thing (i.e. price of a single hour)
- **optional** (*bool*) – If the position is optional or not (default False)

Returns The generated item

See also:

[generate_item\(\)](#)

generate_item (*title: str, quantity: float = None, unit: int = None, unit_price: float = None, net_total: float = None, optional=False*) → dict

Generate an offer item

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) – Title of the item
- **quantity** (*float*) – Quantity of the supplied item
- **unit** (*str*) – Unit name of the supplied item
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Unit price of the supplied item
- **net_total** (*float*) – Net total sum (either this is supplied or unit, unit_price, and quantity)
- **optional** – Whether the item is an optional item or not (default False)

Returns The generated item

This is the base function for generating positions in an offer. There are two types of positions. Positions that can be itemized (see [generate_detail_position\(\)](#)) and positions that do not have to be itemized ([generate_lump_position\(\)](#)).

See also:

[generate_detail_position\(\)](#) and [generate_lump_position\(\)](#)

generate_lump_position (*title: str, net_total: float, optional: bool = False*) → dict

Generates a general position item to be used in a offer list (use this if the position cannot (or do not want) to split the position into units)

Parameters

- **title** (*str*) – Title of the position
- **net_total** (*float*) – Total price of the position

- **optional** (*bool*) – If the position is optional or not (default False)

Returns The generated item

See also:

[generate_item\(\)](#)

generate_pagebreak() → dict
Generate an item of type page-break

Returns The generated item

generate_separator() → dict
Generate an item of type separator

Returns The generated item

generate_subtotal (*title: str*) → dict
Generate an item of type subtotal

Parameters **title** (*str*) – The title of the subtotal

Returns The generated item

generate_title (*title: str*) → dict
Generate an item of type title

Parameters **title** (*str*) – Title the item should have

Returns The generated item

9.4 Project Expense Generator

class moco_wrapper.util.generator.**ProjectExpenseGenerator**

generate (*expense_date: datetime.date, title: str, quantity: float, unit: str, unit_price: float, unit_cost: float, description: str = None, billable: bool = True, budget_relevant: bool = False*) → dict
Create an item that can be used for creating bulk project expenses.

Parameters

- **project_id** (*int*) – Id of the project to create the expense for
- **expense_date** (*datetime.date, str*) – Date of the expense
- **title** (*str*) – Expense title
- **quantity** (*float*) – Quantity (how much of unit was bought?)
- **unit** (*str*) – Name of the unit (What was bought for the customer/project?)
- **unit_price** (*float*) – Price of the unit that will be billed to the customer/project
- **unit_cost** (*float*) – Cost that we had to pay
- **description** (*str*) – Description of the expense
- **billable** (*bool*) – If this expense is billable (default True)
- **budget_relevant** (*bool*) – If this expense is budget relevant (default False)

Returns The created expense object

Example usage:

```
from moco_wrapper.util.generator import ProjectExpenseGenerator
from moco_wrapper import Moco
from datetime import date

m = Moco()
gen = ProjectExpenseGenerator()

items = [
    gen.generate(
        '2019-10-10',
        "the title",
        5,
        "the unit",
        20,
        10
    ),
    gen.generate(
        '2019-10-10',
        "different title",
        5,
        "another unit",
        20,
        10,
        billable=False,
        description="the desc",
        budget_relevant=True
    ),
    gen.generate(
        date(2019, 10, 10),
        "another title",
        2,
        "the unit",
        20,
        10
    ),
]
project_id = 2

created_expenses = m.ProjectExpense.create_bulk(project_id, items)
```

See also:

moco_wrapper.models.ProjectExpense.create_bulk()

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